AS30

Application and Tricks



1 Introduction

The AS30 Application Service package was developed to aid in identification of applications that could be solved using the AS30 Array sensor. In this document we will elaborate on the applications as well as giving a step by step configuration for these applications. Keep in mind that this is not an instruction manual on how to do an initial setup of the device. This information is available in the Device operating instructions. This document is application based setup, optimization and trouble shooting.

As products become more versatile, they also become more complex. This document aids in bridging this gap. Information not in this document is available on the SICK Internal Intranet and includes AS30 product training, application and setup videos, troubleshooting guide, firmware information and PLC integrations training Videos.

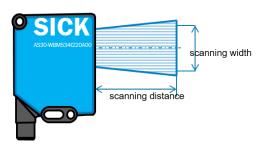
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2 **Getting started**

First steps

- 1. Type selection
- Power connection
- Connection analog output



1	2	-	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
AS	30	-	W	В	М	5	3	4	I	2	2	0	Α	00

Keyposition	Performance	Scanning width	Scanning Distance	Control Panel	Core / Prime classi- fication
3	E = Edge W = Width P = Position				
6		3 = 30 mm 4 = 45 mm 5 = 50 mm			
7			1 = 25 mm 3 = 100 mm		
10				1 = LEDs & Buttons 2 = TFT Graphics	
11					1 = Core 2 = Prime 3 = Pro

Type selection

Selecting between Core and Prime:

Table 1: Control Panel





Figure 2: LEDs & Buttons

Figure 1: TFT Graphic

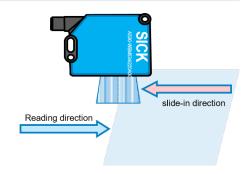
	AS30 Core	AS30 Prime	Applications hints
Configuration via Control panel	push buttons & LED	TFT display	more comfortable

	AS30 Core	AS30 Prime	Applications hints
Repeatability	0.2 mm	30/50 µm	Higher precision
Edge guiding	yes	yes	Choosing E type
Width measurement	no	yes	Choosing W type
Position teach	yes	yes	Single point & window mode
Enhanced functions	fix smoothing	adjustable smoothing	for smoothing rugged edges time based
	analog scale fix	scalable analog range	adjustment of mea- surement field

Reading direction

Connector to head

Both Core and Prime: Default Analog scale Default direction



NOTE PLEASE TAKE CARE:

Reading direction is inverse to slide-in direction! mA values can be adjusted in Prime version

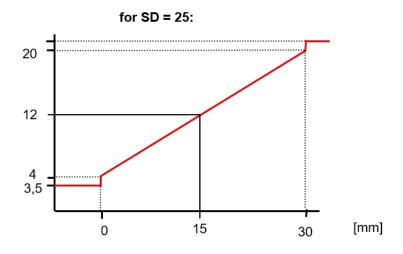
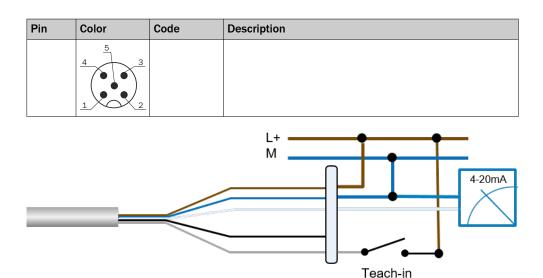


Table 2: Connection

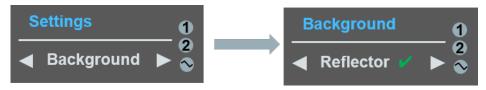
Pin	Color	Code	Description
1	BN = brown	+ (L+)	Supply plus
2	WH =white	Qa	Analog output 4 20 mA
3	BU = blue	М	Supply minus
4	BK = black	Q (C)	Switching output or IO-Link communication
5	GY = gray	MF	Multifunction control input



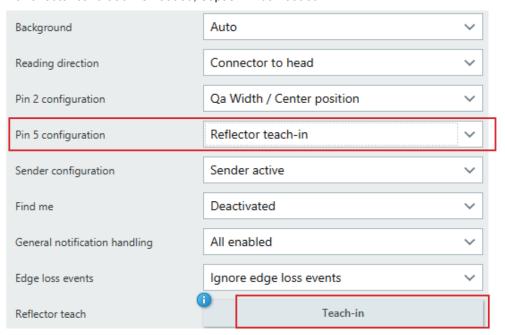
Settings via display

The most comprehensive way to configure is via SOPAS as not all settings are available via the display.

Example for changing to reflector mode:



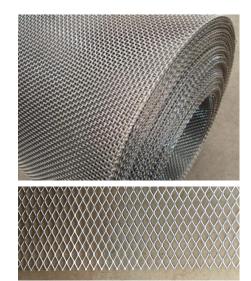
If a reflector calibration is needed, Sopas will be needed:



3 Edge detection of a grid

Task:

During the manufacturing of metal grids, the customer wants to maintain the alignment of the product on the conveyor. As the target product is not a solid target, a suitable product in an acceptable price category has not been found. The customer has considered analog inductive sensors, photoelectric arrays and camera systems with minimal success.

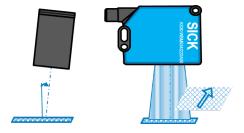


How to ... (Setup and configuration)

The AS30 can be configured as normal to Edge guiding.

Within the Sopas settings, a smoothing adjustment will resolve the issue of the object not being solid.

- Use the device in Reflector Mode
- Consider a Tilt angle
- · Adjust the Smoothing in Sopas
- Use the sensor as normal



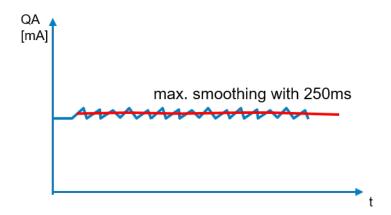
Sopas

Smoothing for moving targets.

Setting in Sopas:

Adjust the Smoothing length in accordance to the speed of the movement and the size of the openings





4 Guide line detection in print industry

Task:

In large printing houses, the alignment of the paper is extremely important. On many occasions, a printing alignment line is also used. With this line, the paper edge and the printing edge are both measured to ensure alignment of printer head and paper. Camera systems have been used to manage this task, but due to lighting and different print line colors, repeated setup is often needed. The customer requires an accuracy of 0.1 mm with the distance from Line to edge calibrated to 13 mm.



How to ... (Setup and configuration)

Using Sopas, the AS30 can be configured to width measurement. Also ensure that the sensitivity is set to **Fine**.

On the target, select an **EasyTeach-in** to detect the first two edges in edge search direction.

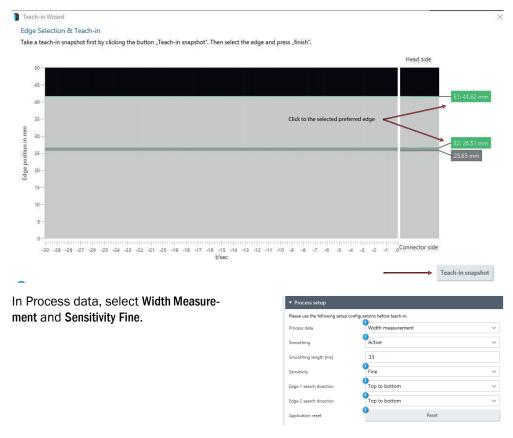
Select Advanced Teach-in to select the preferred edges.



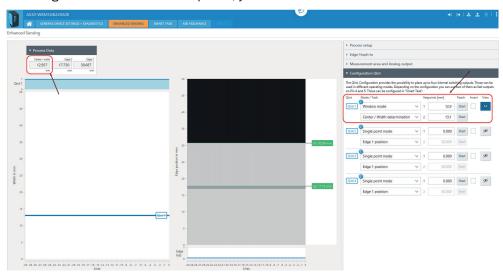


Sopas

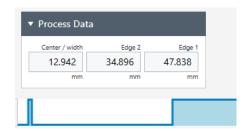
In the **Teach-in Wizard**, select the **Teach-in snapshot** and then select the preferred edge.



Selecting a window mode and set-points, you can set the tolerance window.



Within the Process data the width measurement is visible in reference to the two selected edges. This value can be measured with an analogue value as well as a standard switching output.



5 Foil control in battery manufacturing

Task:

During the manufacturing of Lithium-Ion batteries, layers of different materials including copper and aluminum foil are used. During the application, it is required to monitor that the Cathode electrode film is accurately applied to the copper film. The customer currently uses cameras, but due to lighting and reflection, regular re-programming is needed. The camera also need to be re-programmed to every different layering process, which requires programmers and downtime.

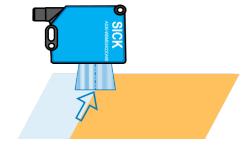


How to ... (Setup and configuration)

Using the AS30, we can easily configure the required detection edge. Doing so, we can configure the AS30 to detect that the layers are evenly aligned.

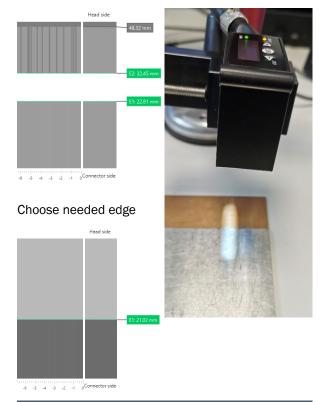
An IO-Link, analog out or a simple switching output can be used to align using the rollers or give an output as soon as a predetermined tolerance level has been breached.

- . Mount the unit at a slight angle to avoid reflections
- Select edge guidance
- · Use Sopas if the reflection influences the measurement

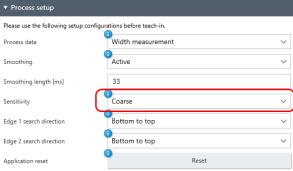


Sopas

Using Advanced Teach-in for the edge detection, you could pick up additional reflections as per image 1. Tilting the sensor by a few degrees (Image 2) can clean up the detection as per image 3.



Ensure that the sensitivity is set to Coarse due to material reflections.



Select your preferred output configuration

The Qint. Configuration provides the possibility to place up to four internal switching outputs. Those can be used in different operating modes. Depending on the configuration you can use two of them as fast outputs on Pin 4 and 5. Those can be configured in "Smart Task".							
Qint	Mode / Task		Set	points [mm]	Teach	Invert	View
Qint 1	Single point mode	~	1	21.062	Start		Ø
	Edge 1 position	~	2	50.000	Start		
Qint 2	Single point mode	~	1	0.000	Start		ø
	Center / Width determination	~	2	50.000	Start		
Qint 3	Single point mode	~	1	0.000	Start		ø
	Center / Width determination	~	2	50.000	Start		
Qint 4	Single point mode	~	1	0.000	Start		Ø
	Center / Width determination	~	2	50.000	Start		

6 Glue line tracking in furniture manufacturing

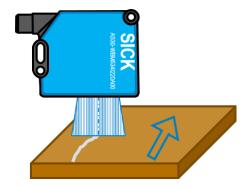
Task:

In a furniture manufacturing plant, the customer has an automated gluing station. There is no inspection for the glue and the customer wishes to add one. As the gluing takes place in a straight line, the inspection will also be in a straight line. However, if a blockage occurs, the glue jet can be partially clogged, causing less glue to run or the glue to run out at an angle that would lead to quality failure.

How to ... (Setup and configuration)

Using the AS30, we can easily configure the required detection area. You can set an area that would trigger a switching output when the glue is applied in the correct area. From the analog value you can determine the continuous thickness of the applied glue.

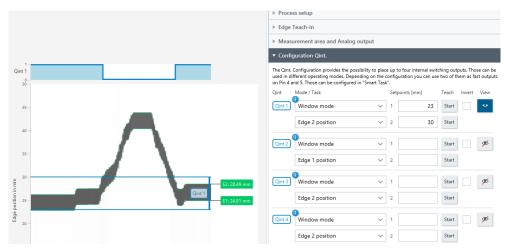
- Using Sopas, do an easy Teach-in
- . In the Configuration Qint, set your two set points in window mode
- In the Process setup, you can select Process data as width measurement.



NOTE

You can also monitor the diameter and position using IO-Link

Sopas



The Width is displayed in Sopas and the output based on 4-20 mA is sent via Pin 2.

The width and positioning is available within IO-Link as an integer value.



7 **Bottle inspection - roundness**

Task:

During the manufacturing of glass bottles, quality inspections are done. Depending on the need of the company and their customers, the inspection could consist of several cameras for overall inspection, or a roundness inspection. The roundness inspection is important for the bottle to be suitable for labelling and branding. Here we can offer a solution to replace a camera or camera set with our AS30.

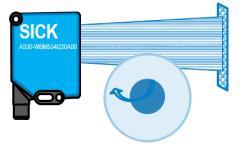


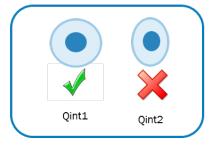
How to ... (Setup and configuration)

Using the AS30, we can set two fields. One field would be the required accuracy tolerance and the second, a confirmation that a bottle is detected. These two signals combined will set a switching output on pin 4.

The measurement value can also be monitored using the analogue output or IO-Link.

- Set up the sensor with REF-AX-002 reflector
- Do a reflector teach in Sopas
- · Run an advanced teach and based on the transparency of your bottle, select your sensitivity. For a clear transparent bottle, consider Course.
- In the Configuration Oint, set your tolerance values in window mode
- For Qint 2, set your broader detection window





Sopas

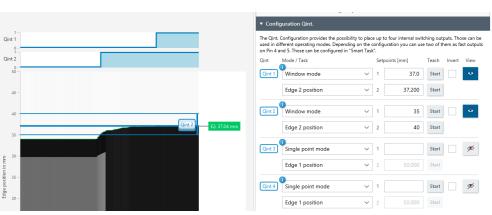
During the inspection, the bottle is centered on a rotation plate.

The following states of the internal markers will determine the signal out put QL1.

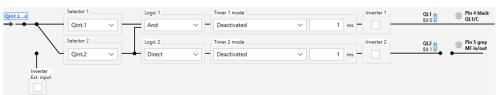
Rou	nd	Not Round	Present
Qint.1			
Qint.2			
QL1			
QL2			







Under the tab Smart tasks, set the "AND" function between Qint.1 and Qint.2. Under this tab you can also add time delays functions if needed.



8 **Object diameter measurement**

Task:

In a Bearing manufacturing plant it happens that balls of incorrect sizing fall into the mix. The customer wants do differentiate between one to two sizes as some bearings use two different sizes. The application is very fast and an accuracy of 0.5mm needs to be detected.



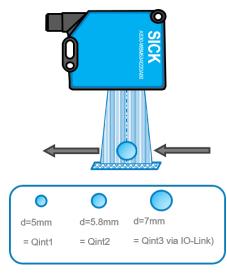


How to ... (Setup and configuration)

Using the AS30, we can set two fields. One field would be the correct ball and the second for the second size. If only one is needed, only configure one.

The measurement value can also be monitored using the analogue output or IO-Link for more variables. With IO-Link, you can have four pre-configured sizes.

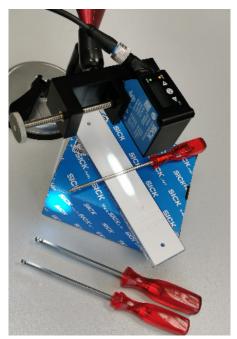
- · Run an easy teach to evaluate the first result
- Run an advanced teach and based on the reflectivity of the ball, select your sensitivity. In our case "Fine" was suitable
- . In the Configuration Qint, set your tolerance values in window mode and output to QL1
- For Qint 2, set your broader detection window if a second size is needed and set the output to QL2

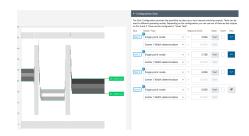


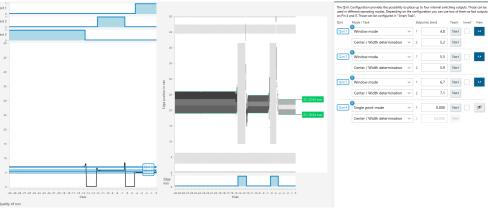
Sopas

First steps

- Using a set background (conveyor or slide), do a standard setup of the device. Use a single teach (Image 1) for each of your sizes to establish the sizing based on the mounted distance.
- 2. Set your window to an acceptable tolerance (Image 2).
- Re-evaluate your sensitivity and teach-in tolerance to the most robust detection.







9 **Control of spray jets**

Task:

The customer has primer coating spray jets that get clogged from time to time. This clog can cause a reduction in quantity of primer or an unequal amount over certain areas being applied. The customer has been trying photoelectric sensors, but with limited success. The customer needs a simple pass or fail solution.

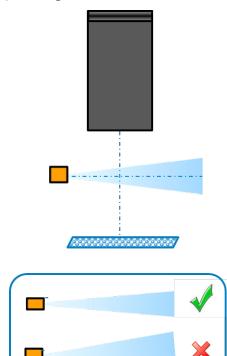


How to ... (Setup and configuration)

Set up the AS30 for Centre Determination in the Process setup using the device with a Reflector in reflector mode.

The measurement value can also be monitored using the analogue output or IO-Link for more variables. With IO-Link, you can have four pre-configured tolerances.

- Run a reflector teach, followed by an easy teach to evaluate the first result
- · Run an advanced teach and based on the reflectivity and transparency of the spray, select your sensitivity. In our case "Middle" was suitable
- In the Configuration Qint, set your tolerance values in window mode and output to QL1

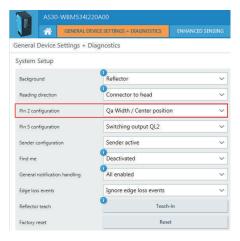


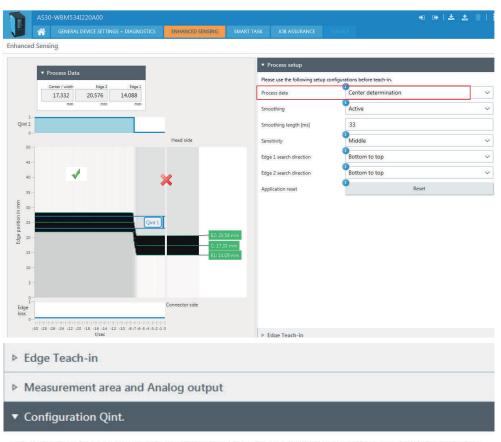
Sopas

Scanning the center position of a spray Qint1 = 1>good Qint1 = 0>badSpray jet can be transparent Only the center of the spray jet is considered, not the diameter Please consider the Minimum Detectable Object value:

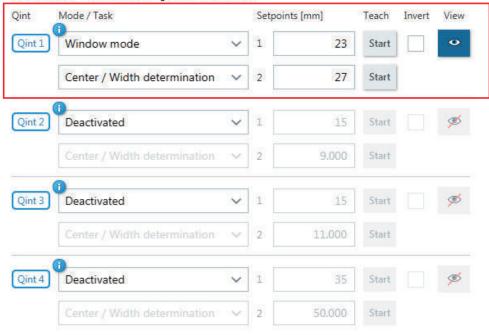
100 mm version MDO = 0.5 mm

25 mm version MDO = 0.2 mm





The Qint. Configuration provides the possibility to place up to four internal switching outputs. Those can be used in different operating modes. Depending on the configuration you can use two of them as fast outputs on Pin 4 and 5. Those can be configured in "Smart Task".



10 **Detection of spring**

Task:

The customer has a station where the presence of a spring on a component needs to be verified. In many cases, a Photoelectric sensor for transparent detection can be used, but due to the small target size, it was not successful. A camera system was considered, but was too sensitive.



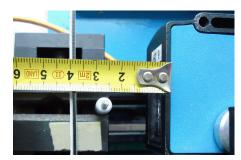


How to ... (Setup and configuration)

For this application, the 25mm version with a finer resolution is needed. Set up the unit in Reflector mode.

The measurement value can also be monitored using the analogue output or IO-Link for more variables.

- Run a reflector teach, followed by an easy teach to evaluate the first result
- · Run an advanced teach and based on the reflectivity and transparency of the spray, select your sensitivity. In our case "Course" was suitable
- Set the unit to Width measurement
- In the Configuration Qint, set your tolerance values in window mode and output to QL1



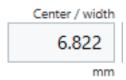
Sopas

In this case it is necessary that only the thinner part of the bolt is in the light beam Do a configuration with and without the spring present.



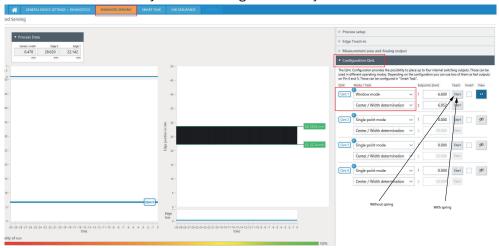


Without spring



With spring

Monitor the values and adjust if fine tuning is necessary.



11 **Tool positioning**

Task:

In a tool changer there is a control loop that the tools are adjusted in the right way that they fit into each other Therefore it is necessary to position the clutch and the tool that they fit to each other. Cameras have been the go to solution, but several are needed and at a costly setup.



How to ... (Setup and configuration)

For this application, set up the unit in Reflector mode.

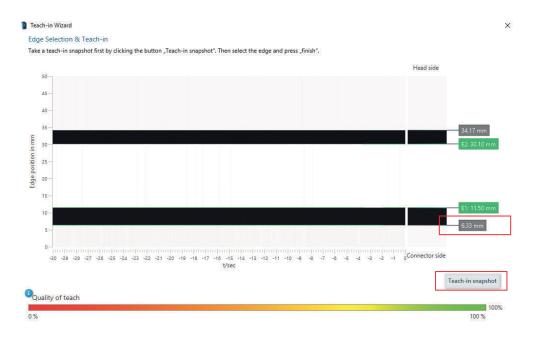
For this purpose there is a hole the changer to position the wheel and reflector on the backside. If the hole has the biggest diameter the tool is in the correct position.

- · Run a reflector teach, followed by a basic teach to evaluate the first result
- Run an advanced teach and based on the reflectivity and transparency of the spray, select your sensitivity.
- Set the unit to Width measurement
- In the Configuration Qint, set your tolerance values in window mode and output to QL1 or
- In this case the hole goes through the whole wheel and there is a reflector REF-AX-
- In this way the customer will have a switching signal if the wheel is correctly aligned

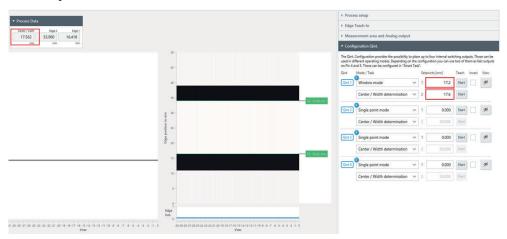


Sopas

Do an easy teach in and then an advanced teach in if the edges are not correctly defined. Select the two most inner edges.



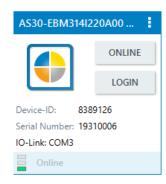
Choose Qint1 and Window mode and do make a Window which makes sense.



12 **Troubleshooting**

SOPAS Service tool - only availabel in Service level

Login to service level





For some critical applications it can be helpful to watch the signal sequence which is received at the 255 pixel array.

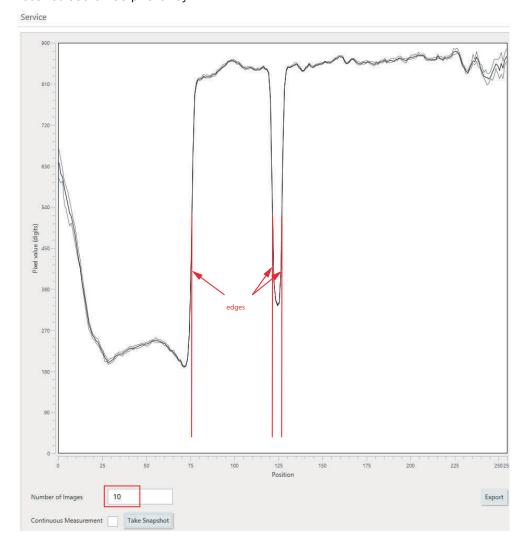
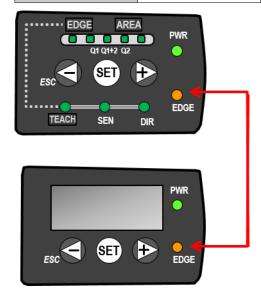


Table 3: Troubleshooting

No.	Fail behavior	Cause	Action
1	SOPAS doesn't func- tion correctly	Possibly an old SOPAS version	Install newest SOPAS version - must be at least 2018.2

No.	Fail behavior	Cause	Action
2	Red error LED at Si- Link Box	Low current power supply with Si-Link Box	Aux. power supply
3	Unstable Edge LED = unstable edge detection	Contrast is too low Wrong sensing dis- tance	Change sensitivity Check sensing distance
4	QoR Low	Low contrast	Check target Change sensitivity Use reflec- tor mode
5	No edge found	Wrong scanning distance Reflector mode with missing reflector	Correct distance Change mode
6	Edge detected but no target	Scratched reflector dirt on front screen	Clean the target Per- form reflector teach-in
7	Accuracy in reflector mode not consistent	Incorrect reflector used Reflector dirty Reflector not aligned	Use REF-AX-002 reflector Clean reflector Align reflector
8	Hardware Error	Sensor defective	Recycle power and try again Exchange defec- tive device



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